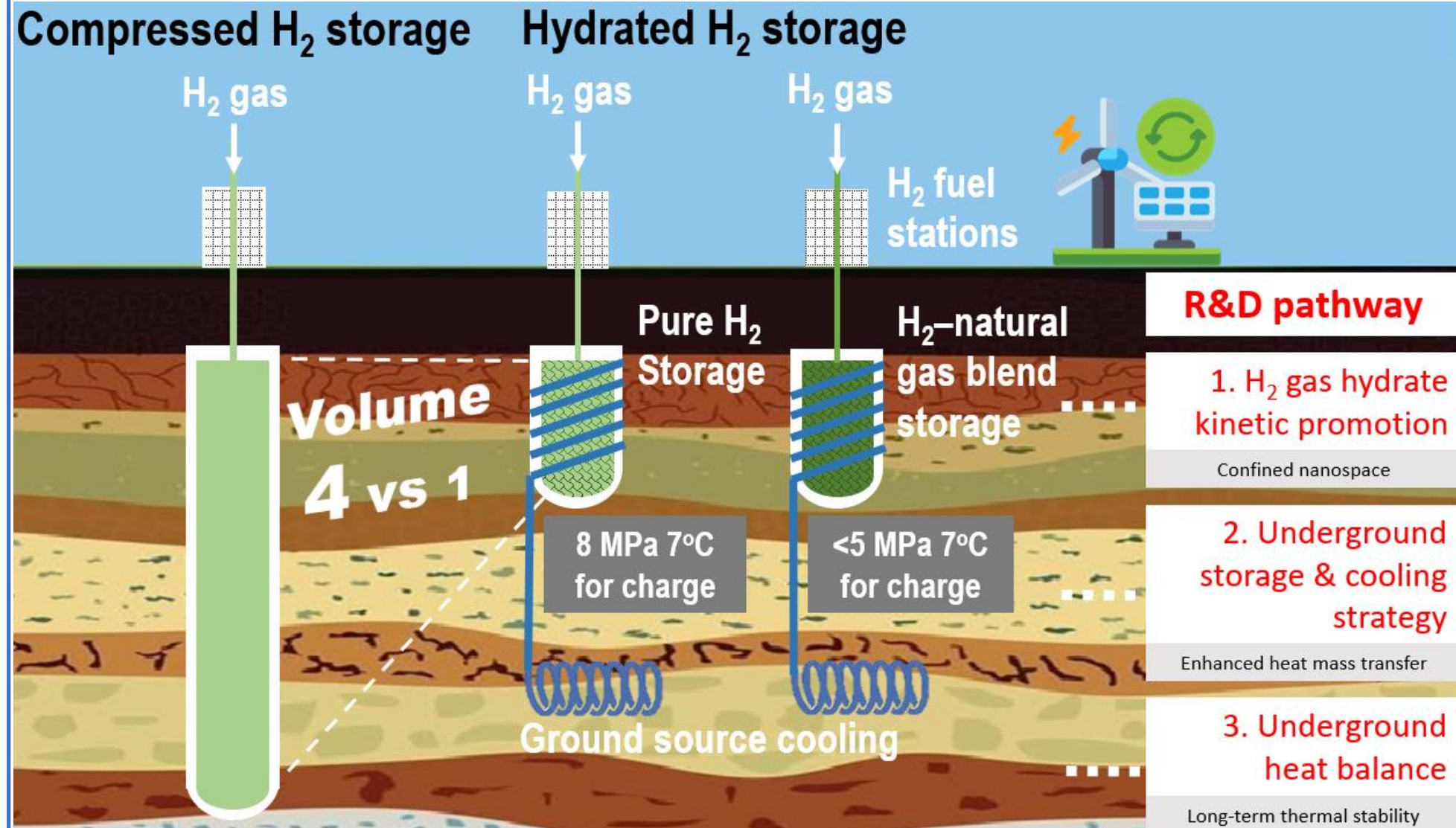


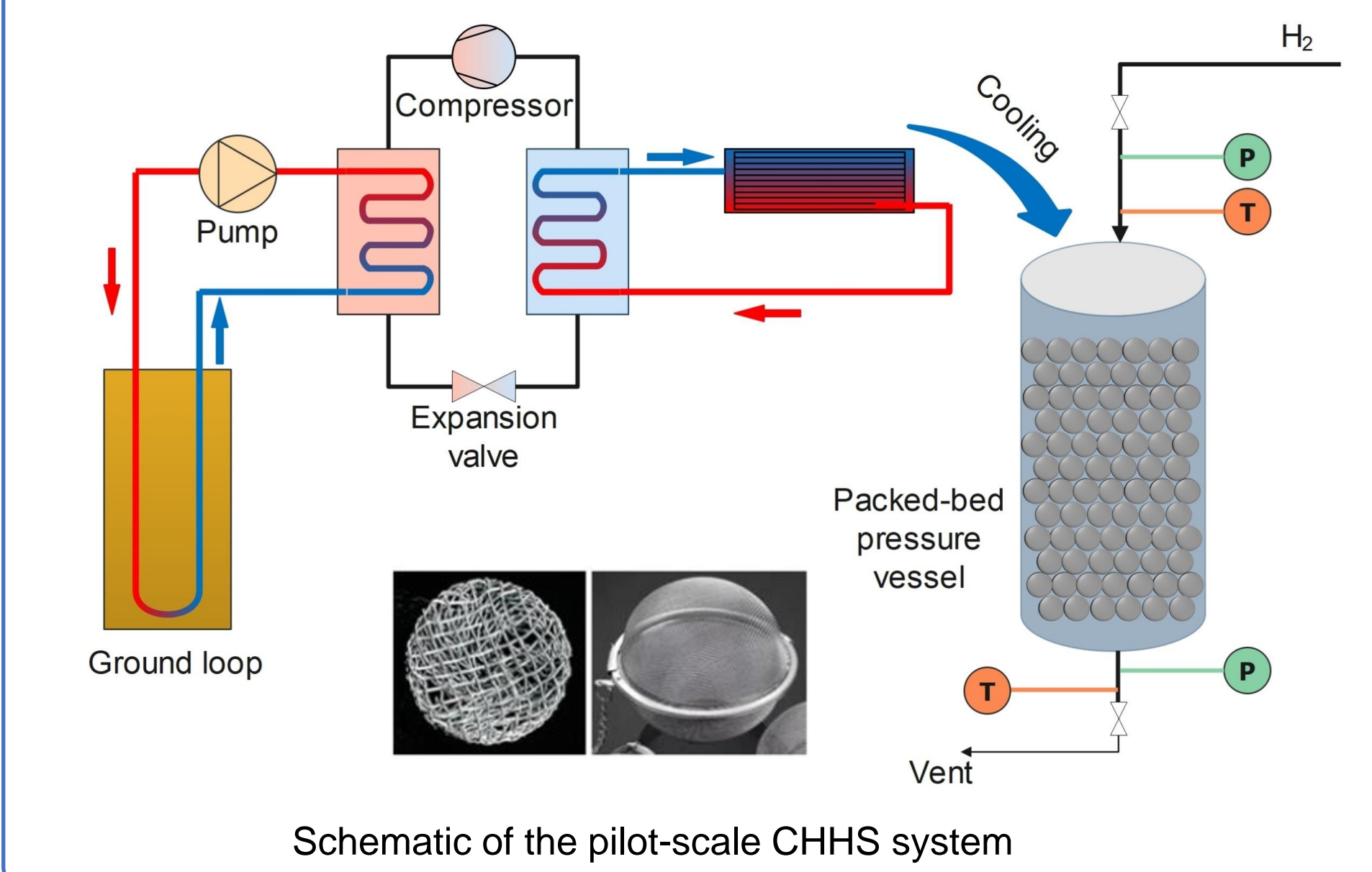
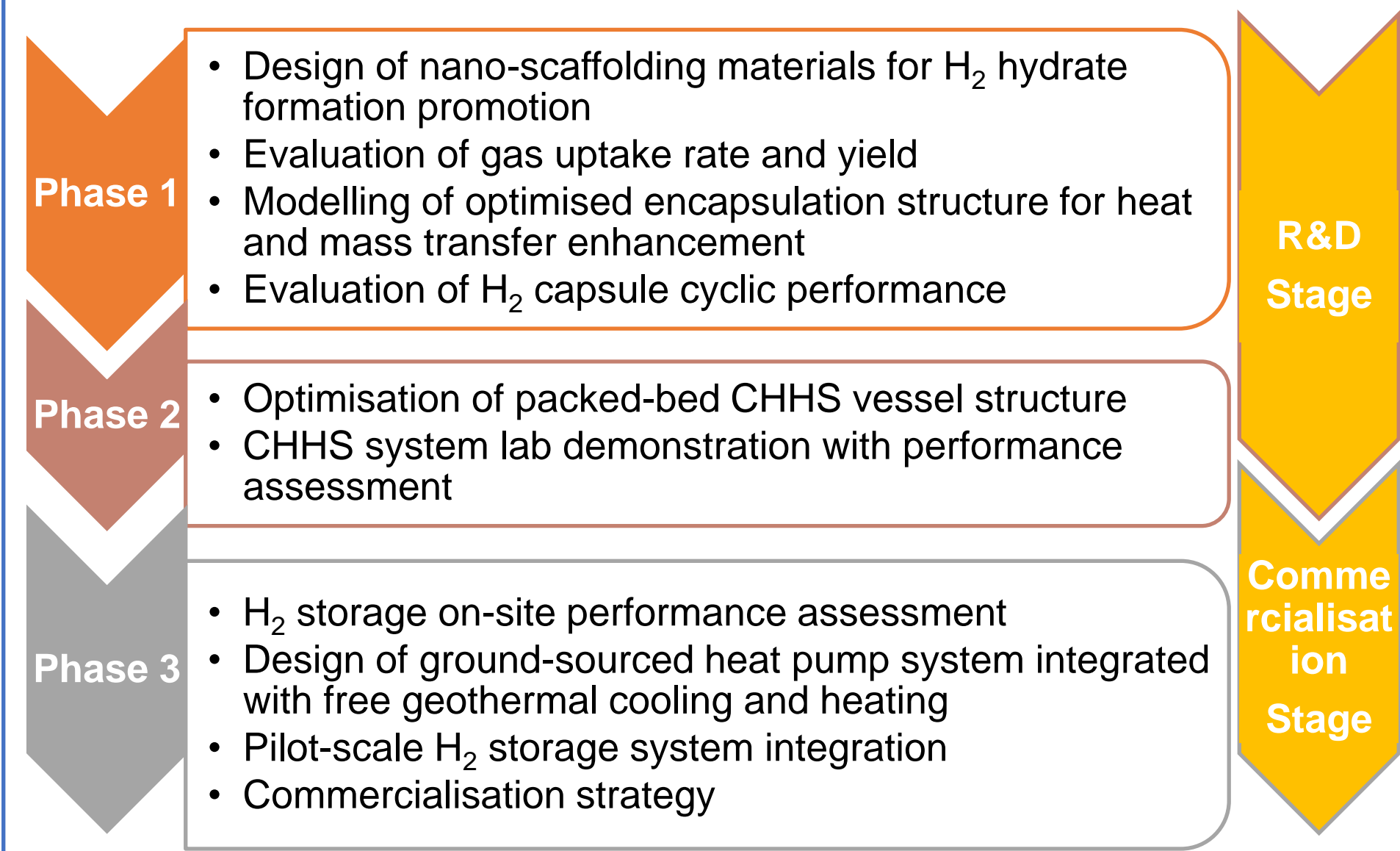
H₂ storage enabled by nano-scaffolded gas hydrate capsules with ground-source energy utilisation

This Project received funding from the Australian Renewable Energy Agency (ARENA) as part of ARENA's Transformative Research Accelerating Commercialisation Program.

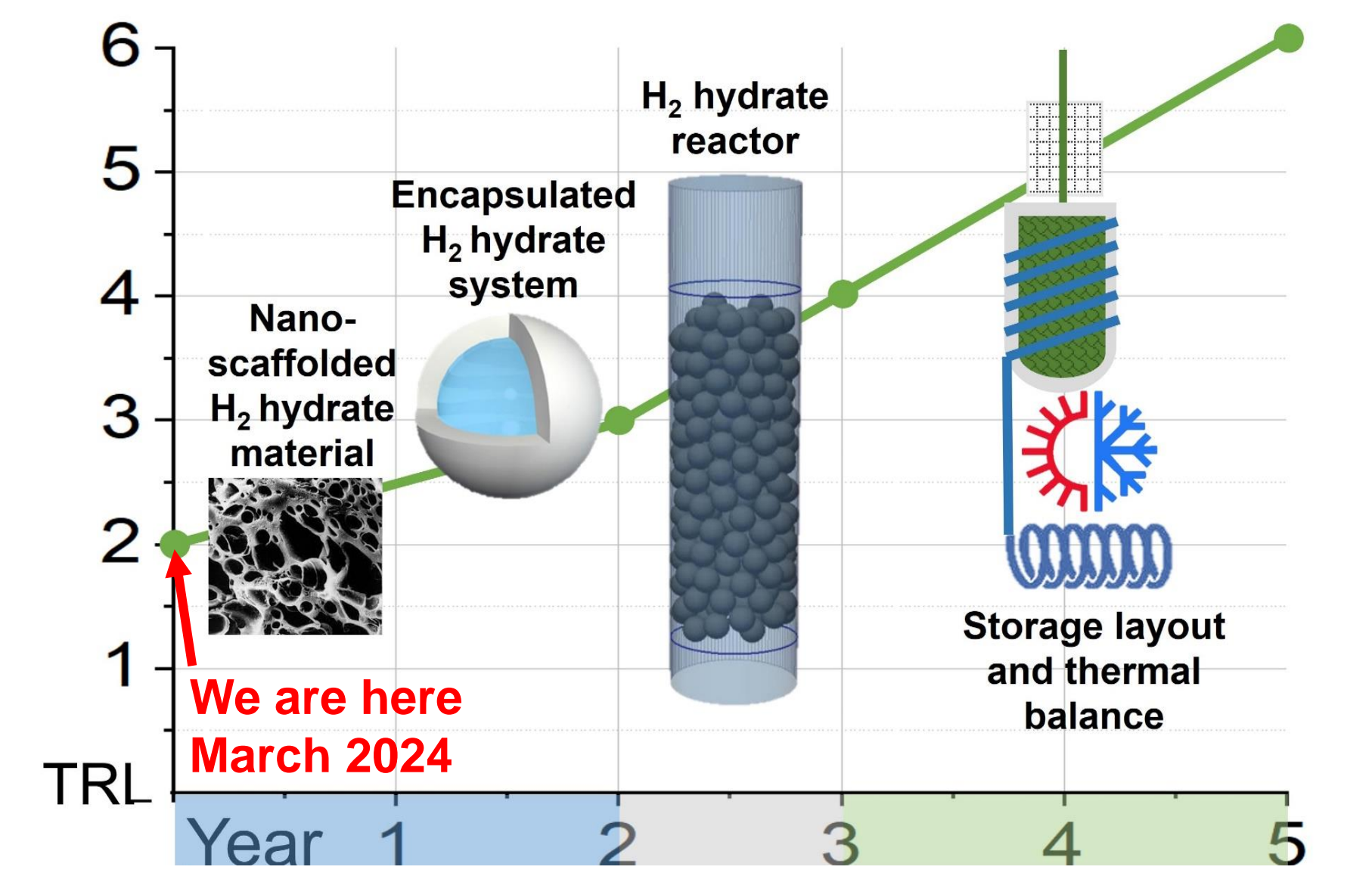
This project will develop technology for fully-scalable (from small to large size), safe (<8 MPa) and highly-efficient (>4 wt%) H₂ storage through clathrate hydrate-based hydrogen storage (CHHS) technology. It will replace expensive compressed storage at 70 MPa and cryogenic storage at -253°C. The combination of promising technological approaches including nano-scaffolding and encapsulation will bring significant mass transfer enhancement and promotion of H₂ hydrate formation kinetics so as to realise fast H₂ gas uptake in a few hours.



- 1 H₂ hydrate formation promotion through NANO-SCAFFOLDING and ENCAPSULATION
- 2 Reducing operational and capital cost through optimising H₂ STORAGE REACTORS and COOLING/HEATING STRATEGIES
- 3 Improving long-term thermal stability through SYSTEM INTEGRATION & OPTIMISATION



- Fully scalable, safe (<8 MPa) and highly-efficient (>4 wt%) H₂ storage
- 3/4 reduction in footprint compared to that of compressed storage systems
- Low cost of USD\$339/kg including vessels, site work and cooling systems
- Flexibility for H₂ storage aboveground, underground or in transport vehicles
- Improved competitiveness of the Australian H₂ industry globally



Australian National University | UNIVERSITY OF EXETER | University of BRISTOL

DIMER | ARDENT UNDERGROUND HYDROGEN STORAGE | STIEBEL ELTRON

NNU · 南京师范大学 | NANJING NORMAL UNIVERSITY

Contact: Dr Xiaolin (Shannon) Wang, xiaolin.wang@anu.edu.au